



## *The President's Daily Brief*

*16 January 1973*

45



~~Top Secret~~ 25X1

Exempt from general  
declassification schedule of E.O. 11652  
exemption category 5B(1)(2)(3)  
declassified only on approval of  
the Director of Central Intelligence

*FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY*

THE PRESIDENT'S DAILY BRIEF

16 January 1973

PRINCIPAL DEVELOPMENTS

In South Vietnam, two North Vietnamese artillery battalions near Da Nang have passed orders relating to an impending cease-fire date. Meanwhile, the fight for Hiep Duc is shaping up as a major battle. (Page 1)

Rail shipments from the USSR to North Vietnam continue at high levels despite transportation difficulties within China. (Page 2)

The Chinese are seeking to block increased Japanese economic cooperation with the USSR. (Page 3)

In discussions with President Pompidou last week, party chief Brezhnev voiced displeasure over the inconclusive wrangling during the first round of the preparatory talks on the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe. (Page 4)

French

25X11

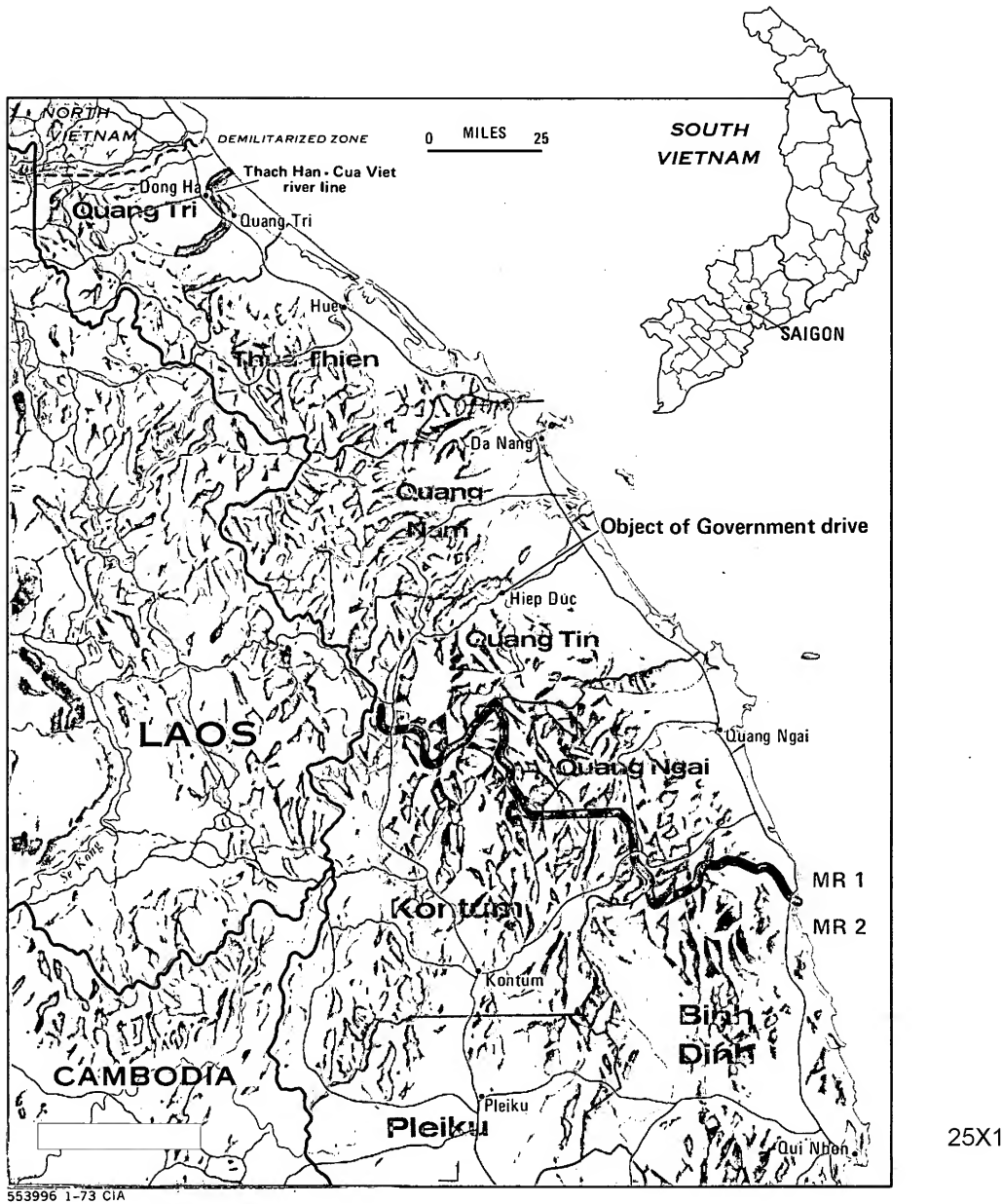
(Page 5)

25X1

25X1

Thai Prime Minister Thanom has announced that he plans to step down as armed forces supreme commander in August--a shift that could have considerable importance over the long run. (Page 8)

*FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY*



*FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY*

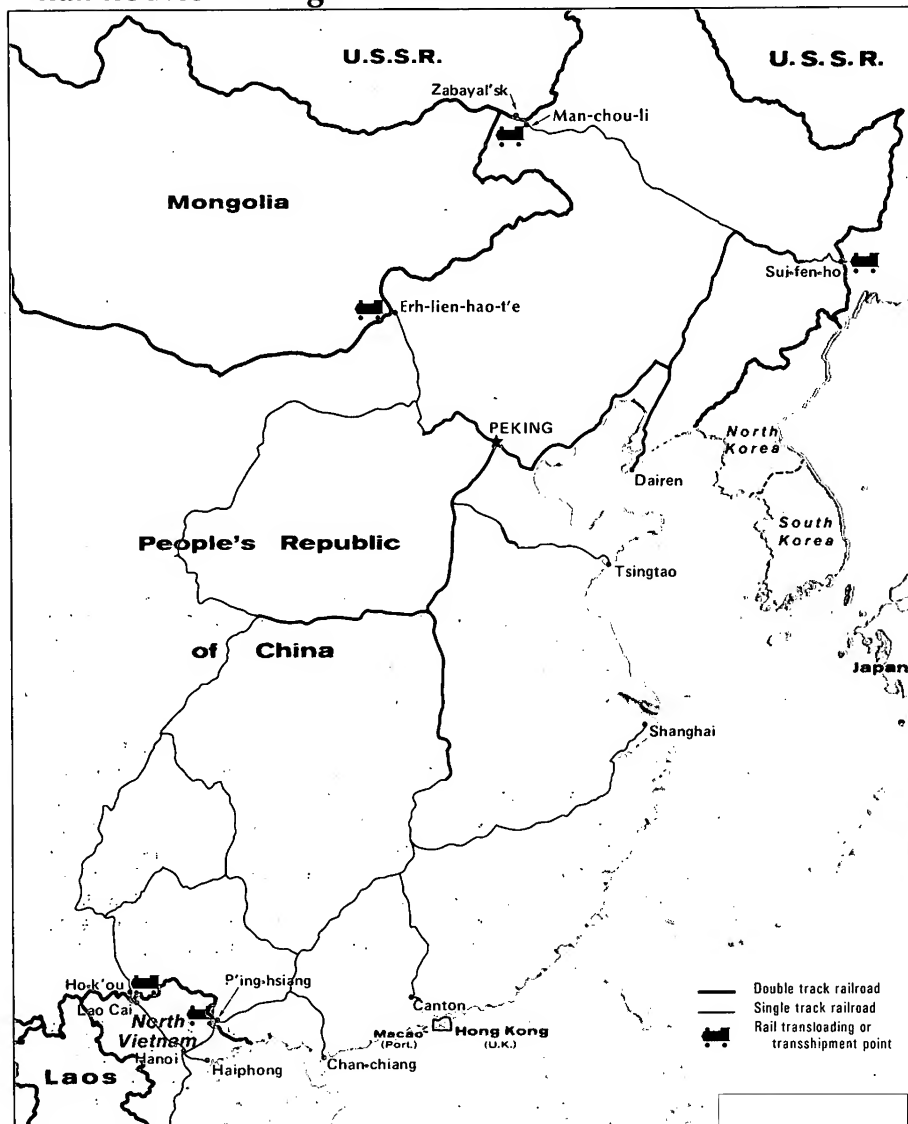
**SOUTH VIETNAM**

Two North Vietnamese artillery battalions near Da Nang have passed orders relating to an impending cease-fire date, which "both we and the enemy know." In messages sent yesterday, subordinate units were told to prepare for orders to strike--in one battalion the unit is to use up all rounds by the given day and time.

The fight for the district town of Hiep Duc, meanwhile, is shaping up as a major battle. South Vietnamese forces pushing toward the town against determined enemy resistance now control two strategic highpoints on the northeastern approaches. The three combat regiments of the North Vietnamese 711th Division, supported by artillery and provincial units, are hanging on to their strong defensive positions ringing the town.

There have been substantial enemy losses in the past few days. Intercepts show that enemy ammunition stocks have been destroyed, and that the Communists have had to revamp their plans for countering the South Vietnamese advance.

# Rail Routes Through China to North Vietnam



554000 1-73 CIA

25X1  
25X1

FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY

USSR - CHINA - NORTH VIETNAM

[redacted] almost 500 railcars and locomotives at Man-chou-li, the main Sino-Soviet transit point--a figure previously equaled only last July [redacted]

25X1

[redacted] At the Sino-Mongolian station of Erh-lien-hao-te almost 500 cars and locomotives were also noted-- [redacted]

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

The presence of [redacted] railcars indicates increased use of the border crossing points for Soviet cargoes bound for North Vietnam.

25X1

*Soviet grain and petroleum products account for a large portion of these increased shipments.*

Transportation difficulties within China occasionally have hampered deliveries to Vietnam. In December some shipments of Chinese foodstuffs were delayed, and this month the delivery of rice and maize is being held up.

*Although China lacks enough freight cars to meet all requirements, the shortage almost certainly is not delaying the shipment of essential war supplies.*

FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY

CHINA-JAPAN-USSR

During the visit to Peking of Japanese Trade Minister Nakasone, which begins tomorrow, the Chinese expect to be extremely blunt in warning of the dangers for Tokyo of an expansion of economic co-operation with Moscow. [REDACTED]

25X1  
25X1

[REDACTED]

25X1

At the same time, the Chinese are dangling the prospect of a further expansion in the already high level of Sino-Japanese trade. Negotiations are apparently close to conclusion for Peking to purchase one and perhaps two entire Japanese synthetic materials plants financed by five-year Japanese Exim Bank loans at a low interest rate.

*Since the Cultural Revolution Peking has accepted only short-term commercial credits.*

*While the Chinese obviously see Japan as critical in their competition with the Soviet Union, they are still likely to proceed cautiously in their economic diplomacy. Tokyo is already China's largest trading partner, and Peking will remain wary of becoming so closely entangled with Japan as to risk economic dependence on Asia's strongest industrial power. At the same time, the Chinese will almost certainly avoid going to the other extreme of overreacting if Japan actually consummates its Siberian deal with Moscow.*

*These limitations on Peking's options could benefit Tokyo in its dealings with both the Soviet Union and China.*



FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY

USSR-FRANCE

The French ambassador in Moscow briefed Ambassador Beam yesterday on the meetings last week between President Pompidou and party leader Brezhnev.

Brezhnev professed to be very unhappy over the inconclusive wrangling during the first round of the preparatory talks on the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe. He complained that the big powers had not exerted their "moral authority," thus permitting those "with fewer responsibilities" to try to take the lead.

*Brezhnev was more pointed in his recent talks with Finnish President Kekkonen when he specifically blasted the Romanians and tried to get the Finnish chairman to control the talks more effectively.*

Brezhnev did hint that the Soviets may propose confidence-building measures more attractive to the smaller countries. He remained insistent, however, that the conference be completed as soon as possible and that it end with a summit-level meeting.

Brezhnev reiterated Soviet interest in the strict separation of the CSCE from the forthcoming talks on mutual and balanced force reductions. Pompidou was noncommittal on Brezhnev's call for French participation in the force reduction talks.

Commenting on US-Soviet relations, Brezhnev said there had been "no basic change" since the May summit, although "progress had been more deliberate than at first thought." He said his visit to the US would be made at the "most appropriate time," and that the schedule would be influenced by the international situation, US-Soviet relations, and domestic demands on his time. Brezhnev told the French it is now possible to envisage a Vietnam agreement and stressed that the USSR strongly desires this result.

Brezhnev admitted to Pompidou that he had been ill last autumn and absent from his duties for about two months. He seems fully back in good health now. He was relaxed and showed plenty of stamina in long sessions with Pompidou.

*FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY*

FRANCE



25X1



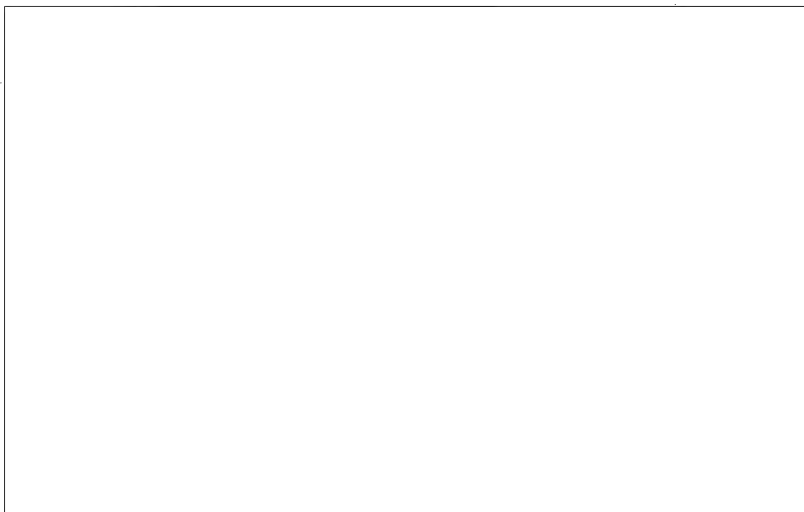
25X1



25X1



25X1



25X1

FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY

USSR

[redacted]  
[redacted] the Soviets  
have assembled another new radar at the launch complex where a new Soviet ABM system has been under development since 1970.

25X1  
25X1

*This radar is similar in most respects to one that was installed at an adjacent site in the complex in late 1970. We believe that each of these radars is capable of tracking more targets simultaneously than the type associated with the Galosh ABM system at Moscow.*

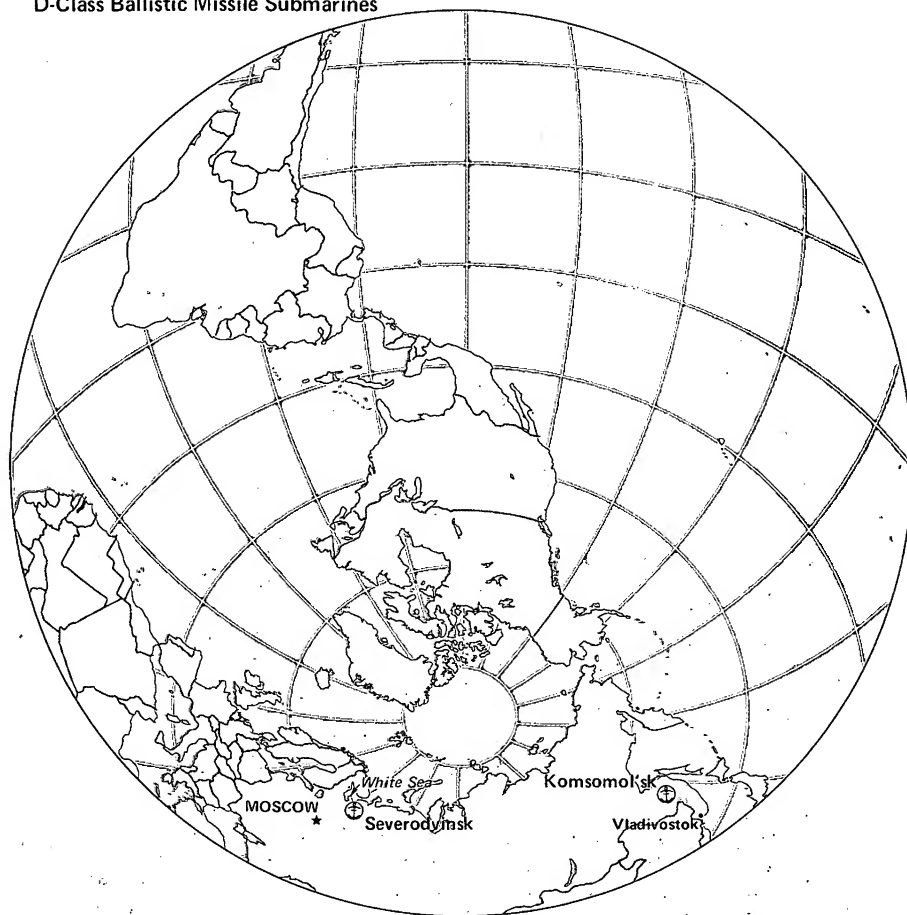
*The missile for the new ABM system has slightly higher acceleration than the Galosh, but lacks the fast reaction capability of the US Sprint. It was last flight-tested in December 1971.* [redacted]

25X1  
25X1

[redacted]  
[redacted]  
[redacted]  
25X1

FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY

**Two Soviet Shipyards Producing  
D-Class Ballistic Missile Submarines**



25X1

554002 1-73 CIA

25X1

FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY

USSR



25X1  
25X1

*We expect both yards to shift fully to production of the D-class. There should be about seven launches in each of the next two years, and most of these will be D's.*

*The D-class is designed to carry 12 SS-NX-8 missiles, which have a range of 4,300 nautical miles. The first D-class unit was launched early last year, and has been undergoing sea trials. We expect that it will be fully operational by the end of this year.*

*Deployment of the D-class will significantly expand the targeting and launching options open to Soviet naval planners. Even from the submarines' bases, almost any area of the US is within range.*

FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY

THAILAND

Prime Minister Thanom has announced that he plans to step down as armed forces supreme commander in August.

*This shift--disclosed seven months in advance--could have considerable importance over the long run. General Praphat, who shares authority in the Thai regime with Thanom, was named to the top post, which is largely ceremonial. This clears the way for the number two man in the army, General Krit Sivara, to replace Praphat as army commander. It would be the clearest indication thus far that the aging Thanom and Praphat are beginning to lay the groundwork for an orderly transfer of power to a trusted member of the military leadership. Krit is politically ambitious and popular within the business circles and the military.*

*FOR THE PRESIDENT ONLY*

NOTE

USSR: Last night the unmanned lunar probe that was launched from Tyuratam on 8 January soft landed on the moon after orbiting it for about three days. The probe apparently carried a self-propelled rover vehicle similar to the one that was placed on the moon in November 1970.

25X1

The earlier rover vehicle operated on the moon for more than ten months

25X1

*Top Secret*